AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION -QUEENSLAND TOGETHER BRANCH ABN 97 853 552 816 **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Operating Report

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch ("the Branch"), for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Branch during the year fell in the following categories:

- · Organising existing members and new members
- Bargaining, negotiating and arbitrating for improvements in wages and conditions of employment for members of the Branch.
- Representing members in work related grievances or other matters
- Undertaking training and development for delegates of the Branch.

Over the year the Branch negotiated many Collective Agreements delivering improvements in wages and conditions to ASU members.

There have been no changes in the principal activities of the Branch during the year.

Operating Results

The surplus for the financial year amounted to \$227,357. Matters which contributed to this result include:

- 1. Membership income increased by \$660,333 (or 4.40%) to \$15,682,104. This significant increase has been predominately driven by an increase in membership within the public sector division.
- 2. Wages and salaries expenditure increased by \$227,222 (or 2.50%) to \$9,327,163.
- 3. The Branch contributed \$1,080,000 to the Public Sector Defence Fund a fund established by the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees, to support and defend members employed in the Queensland Public Sector.

No provision for tax was necessary as the Branch is considered exempt.

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

A review of the operations of the Branch during the financial year found that there was no significant change in the financial affairs of the Branch's operations during the year.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Members Right to Resign

All members have the right to resign from the Branch in accordance with National Rule 32 - Resignation of the Union Rules (and Section 174 of the Act); namely, by providing written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch of which they are a member

Membership of the Branch

Total number of members as at 30 June 2021: 30,081.

Employees of the Branch

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 74.76.

Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

There were no officers or members of the Branch who held a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2) (d) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name	Period of Appointment	Position
Sharon Abbott	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch President
Vicki Adames	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
Rachel Barley	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
Ray Booker	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
Michelle Byard	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Vice-President
Vishal Chandani	01/07/2020 to 26/11/2020	Committee Member
Sandy Donald	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Senior Vice-President
Vivienne Doogan	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Assistant Secretary
Kate Flanders	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Assistant Secretary
Eva Foster	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Assistant Treasurer
Christine Fox	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
Rohan Huguenin	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
Paul O'Driscoll	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Treasurer
Erin Quinn	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Vice-President
Trevor Rankin	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
Darren Roach	01/07/2020 to 08/02/2021	Committee Member
Angie Saville-Balsamo	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
Alex Scott	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Secretary
Elisabeth Stalker	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Committee Member
James Swan	01/07/2020 to 30/06/2021	Branch Vice-President

Wages Recovery Activity

The Branch continuously undertakes recovery of wages on behalf of members. It is Branch policy that any successful wage recovery from employers is paid directly to those effected members. As a result, no wage recovery activity is accounted via the Branch's bank accounts and therefore not reflected in these financial statements.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Alex Scott Branch Secretary

8 November 2021 South Brisbane

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

On 8 November 2021, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the Branch concerned; and
- ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation, including the rules of the branch concerned; and
- iii. the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act: and
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
- v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or Commissioner; and
- vi. where any order for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer: Alex Scott

Title of Designated Officer: Branch Secretary

Signature:

Date: 8 November 2021



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION – QUEENSLAND TOGETHER BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch for the year ended 30 June 2021; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

M.G. I

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane

8 November 2021

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers	3		
Membership subscription		15,682,104	15,021,771
Total revenue from contracts with customers		15,682,104	15,021,771
Other income			
Interest	3A	85,451	160,102
Other revenue	3B	169,515	253,651
Total other income		254,966	413,753
Total revenue		15,937,070	15,435,524
Expenses			
Employee expenses	4A	(9,327,163)	(9,099,941)
Capitation fees	4B	(929,408)	(891,341)
Affiliation fees	4C	(291,377)	(321,620)
Administration expenses	4D	(561,034)	(767,976)
Grants or donations	4E	(45,000)	(25,800)
Depreciation and amortisation	4F	(573,478)	(491,705)
Legal costs	4G	(253,024)	(245,359)
Audit and other professional fees	4H	(79,072)	(91,455)
Service agreement expenses	41	(24,000)	(24,000)
Finance costs	4J	(106,300)	(168,347)
Other expenses	4K	(3,519,857)	(2,508,060)
Total expenses		(15,709,713)	(14,635,604)
Surplus for the year		227,357	799,920
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		227,357	799,920

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

10 AT 30 30 NE 2021		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	9,528,431	9,503,549
Trade and other receivables	5B	116,301	62,325
Other current assets	5C	571,140	669,450
Total current assets		10,215,872	10,235,324
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	997,358	803,468
Total non-current assets		997,358	803,468
Total assets		11,213,230	11,038,792
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	177,367	472,854
Other payables	7B	740,132	689,377
Employee provisions	8A	2,805,522	2,801,592
Lease liabilities	9A	460,356	109,445
Total current liabilities		4,183,377	4,073,268
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A	127,384	169,541
Lease liabilities	9A	130,319	251,190
Total non-current liabilities		257,703	420,731
Total liabilities		4,441,080	4,493,999
Net assets		6,772,150	6,544,793
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		6,772,150	6,544,793
Total equity		6,772,150	6,544,793

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

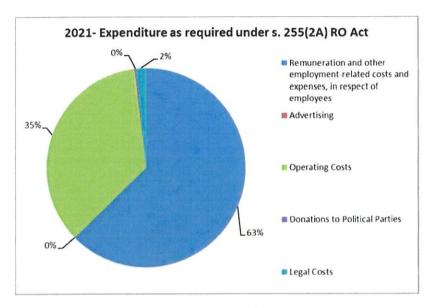
	Notes	Retained earnings	Total equity
		\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2019		5,744,873	5,744,873
Surplus for the year		799,920	799,920
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	-	_
Closing balance as at 30 June 2020		6,544,793	6,544,793
Surplus for the year		227,357	227,357
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2021	-	6,772,150	6,772,150

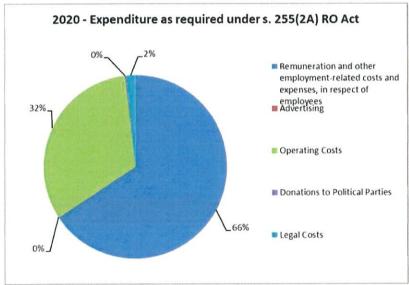
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units	10B	24,508	16,934
Receipts from members and other customers		17,383,226	16,754,256
Interest		127,503	190,039
		17,535,237	16,961,229
Cash used			
Employees and suppliers		(15,870,064)	(14,216,012)
Payment to other reporting units	10B	(1,056,595)	(1,022,951)
		(16,926,659)	(15,238,963)
Net cash provided by operating activities		608,578	1,722,266
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		30,386	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(111,372)	(255,409)
Net cash used in investing activities	;	(80,986)	(255,409)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of lease liabilities		(502,710)	(372,990)
Net cash used in financing activities		(502,710)	(372,990)
		04.000	4 000 007
Net increase in cash held	·	24,882	1,093,867
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		9,503,549	8,409,682
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	10A	9,528,431	9,503,549

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* on the Consolidated Entity for the year ended 30 June 2021:





Alex Scott Branch Secretary

8 November 2021 South Brisbane

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period and the Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009. Compliance with Australia Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by IASB. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Key Estimates

Impairment - general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

Lease Liabilities/ Right to Use Asset

Key assumptions used in the determination of the Branch's lease liability/ right to use assets are:

- Incremental borrowing rate: 7.23% (buildings) and 8.56% (plant and equipment)
- Annual rental increases: CPI 1.85% or 3% as outlined in each building lease

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

Key Judgements

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workcover and payroll tax.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard and amendments

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following standards and amendments, which have been adopted for the first time this financial year.

- AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Definition of Material
- AASB 2019-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards References to the Conceptual Framework

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard.

Impact on adoption of AASB 2018-7 – Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of Material

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states, "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of, nor is there expected to be any future impact to the Branch.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

Impact on adoption of AASB 2019-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – References to the Conceptual Framework

The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist the accounting standard setter in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies where there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards. This will affect those entities which developed their accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework includes some new concepts, updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.

The amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Branch.

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to future reporting periods that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include:

AASB 2020-1 - Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

This Standard amends AASB 101 to clarify requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current. For example, the amendments clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. This Standard applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Earlier application is permitted

The Branch does not expect the adoption of this amendment to have an impact on its financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue

The Branch enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Where the Branch has a contract with a customer, the Branch recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Branch accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- · the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Branch.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Branch recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Branch's promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Branch allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Branch charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), the Branch recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Branch has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue (Continued)

Membership subscriptions (Continued)

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Branch at their standalone selling price, the Branch accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

Income of the Branch as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by the Branch to enable the entity to further its objectives. The Branch recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when the Branch obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or services to the customer; and
- the Branch's recognition of the cash contribution does not give to any related liabilities.

Income recognised from transfers

Where, as part of an enforceable agreement, the Branch receives consideration to acquire or construct a non-financial asset such as property, plant and equipment to an identified specification and for the Branch's own use, a liability is recognised for the obligation to acquire or construct the asset. Income is recognised as the obligation to acquire or construct the asset is satisfied, which is typically over time. The asset that is being acquired or constructed is recognised in accordance with the policy on property, plant and equipment.

Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Rental income

Leases in which the Branch as a lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.6 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

1.7 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Branch in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The Branch recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.8 Leases

For any leases entered into the Branch considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition the Branch assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- The contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Branch:
- The Branch has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract;
- The Branch has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of
- The Branch assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Branch recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Branch, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Branch depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Branch also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Branch measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Branch's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.9 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

1.10 Financial assets

Contract assets and receivables

A contract asset is recognised when the Branch's right to consideration in exchange goods or services that has transferred to the customer when that right is conditioned on the Branch's future performance or some other condition.

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract assets and receivables are subject to impairment assessment. Refer to accounting policies on impairment of financial assets below.

Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Branch's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Branch's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Branch commits to purchase or sell the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:

- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortised cost

The reporting unit measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Branch's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
 - a) The Branch has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - b) the Branch has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Branch continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment

Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

(i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Branch applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Branch does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.10 Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Branch recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Branch expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Branch considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Branch may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Branch is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

1.11 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost unless or at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Branch's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.11 Financial liabilities (continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

1.12 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.13 Liabilities relating to contracts with customers

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Branch transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Branch performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Refund liabilities

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. The Branch refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount the Branch ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Branch updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.14 Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2021	2020
Plant and equipment	2 to 12 years	2 to 12 years
Motor Vehicles	6 to 7 years	6 to 7 years

Derecognition

An item of land, buildings, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.15 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

1.16 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

1.17 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.18 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 15.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

1.18 Fair value measurement (Continued)

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2021, and /or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

2020	2021
\$	\$

Note 3 Revenue and income

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of the Branch's revenue by type of arrangements is provided on the face of the Statement of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer.

Type of customer Members Total revenue from contracts with customers	15,682,104 15,682,104	15,021,771 15,021,771
Note 3A: Interest		
Deposits	85,451	160,102
Total interest	85,451	160,102
Note 3B: Other revenue		
Sponsorship income	-	8,136
Rental income	61,311	55,174
Legal fees recouped	-	121,915
Other	108,204	68,426
Total other revenue	169,515	253,651

Note 4A: Expenses Note 4A: Employee expenses Holders of office: Wages and salaries 624,805 669,879 Superannuation 162,627 125,028 Leave and other entitlements 94,626 97,938 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 882,058 892,845 Employees other than office holders: *** *** Wages and salaries 6,419,921 6,137,267 Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 46,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Note 4B: Capitation fees 8,445,105 8,207,096 Note 4B: Capitation fees 93,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987			2021	2020
Note 4A: Employee expenses Holders of office: 624,805 669,879 Wages and salaries 624,805 125,028 Superannuation 162,627 125,028 Leave and other entitlements 94,626 97,938 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries 6,419,921 6,137,267 Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 8,445,105 8,207,096 Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - National Office 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 392,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 40,200 203,641 Union Shop			\$	\$
Holders of office: Wages and salaries 624,805 669,879 Superannuation 162,627 125,028 Leave and other entitlements 94,626 97,938 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 882,058 892,845 Employees other than office holders: \$82,058 892,845 Wages and salaries 6,419,921 6,137,267 Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 3,445,105 8,207,096 Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - National Office 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 19,359 20,084 Union Shopper 34,200 68,9	Note 4	Expenses		
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Superannuation 162,627 125,028 Leave and other entitlements 94,626 97,938 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 882,058 892,845 Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries 6,419,921 6,137,267 Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses employees other than office holders 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 929,408 891,341 National Office 929,408 891,341 Total capitation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 20,084 Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensla				
Leave and other entitlements 94,626 97,938 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 882,058 892,845 Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries 6,419,921 6,137,267 Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 84,45,105 89,099,941 Note Algorithm Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - National Office 929,408 891,341 Note Acc apitation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 891,341 Note Acc apitation fees 929,408 891,341 <	•		-	
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 882,058 892,845 Employees other than office holders:	•			•
Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries 6,419,921 6,137,267 Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees - Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office 929,408 891,341 Total capitation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Leave a	and other entitlements		
Wages and salaries 6,419,921 6,137,267 Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 4,000 891,341 National Office 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Subtotal e	employee expenses holders of office	882,058	892,845
Superannuation 1,079,743 1,049,538 Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 28,445,105 8,007,096 Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office 929,408 891,341 Total capitation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 20,084 Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Employee	s other than office holders:		
Leave and other entitlements 945,441 873,474 Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 2 891,341 Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - National Office 929,408 891,341 Total capitation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 2 20,084 Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Wages	and salaries	6,419,921	6,137,267
Separation and redundancies - 146,817 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 6 9,099,941 8 9 9,099,941 8 9	Supera	nnuation	1,079,743	1,049,538
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 8,445,105 8,207,096 Total employee expenses 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 4 <td>Leave a</td> <td>and other entitlements</td> <td>945,441</td> <td>873,474</td>	Leave a	and other entitlements	945,441	873,474
Note 4B: Capitation fees 9,327,163 9,099,941 Note 4B: Capitation fees 929,408 891,341 National Office 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 3929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 20,084 Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Separa	tion and redundancies	-	146,817
Note 4B: Capitation fees Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office 929,408 891,341 Total capitation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 891,341 Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808		employee expenses employees other than office	8,445,105	8,207,096
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office Total capitation fees Note 4C: Affiliation fees Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) Queensland Council of Unions Union Shopper Queensland Community Alliance Prison Officers Association of Australia Brisbane Labour History Association Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 891,341 891,341 891,341 19,359 20,084 219,706 203,641 19,359 219,706 203,641 219,7	Total emp	loyee expenses	9,327,163	9,099,941
Note 4C: Affiliation fees 929,408 891,341 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 3929,408 891,341 Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Note 4B:	Capitation fees		
Note 4C: Affiliation fees Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) Queensland Council of Unions Union Shopper Queensland Community Alliance Prison Officers Association of Australia Brisbane Labour History Association Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 19,359 20,084 219,706 203,641 419,359 219,706 203,641 419,359 219,706 203,641 419,359 219,706 203,641 419,359 219,706 203,641 419,359 20,084 20,0		• •	929,408	891,341
Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 19,359 20,084 Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Total capi	tation fees	929,408	891,341
Queensland Council of Unions 219,706 203,641 Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Note 4C:	Affiliation fees		
Union Shopper 34,200 68,987 Queensland Community Alliance 15,450 25,000 Prison Officers Association of Australia 2,250 3,000 Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Australian	Labor Party (State of Queensland)	19,359	20,084
Queensland Community Alliance15,45025,000Prison Officers Association of Australia2,2503,000Brisbane Labour History Association100100Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd312808	Queenslar	nd Council of Unions	219,706	203,641
Prison Officers Association of Australia2,2503,000Brisbane Labour History Association100100Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd312808	Union Sho	pper	34,200	68,987
Brisbane Labour History Association 100 100 Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Queenslar	nd Community Alliance	15,450	25,000
Optum Health & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd 312 808	Prison Offi	cers Association of Australia	2,250	3,000
	Brisbane L	abour History Association	100	100
Total affiliation fees 291,377 321,620	Optum He	alth & Technology (Australia) Pty Ltd	312	808
	Total affili	ation fees	291,377	321,620

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 4D: Administration expenses		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	1,647	2,386
Compulsory levies		
ASU National Office (NADC Levy)	4,477	4,477
Conference and meeting expenses	164,272	224,319
Conference/ Branch/ Council allowances	-	215
Executive expenses	18,749	14,970
Membership expenses	29,818	40,499
Subscriptions – refunds	12,677	18,905
Office expenses (rent, occupancy costs etc.)	287,858	429,297
Repairs and maintenance	25,329	21,105
Other administration expenses	16,207	11,803
Total administration expenses	561,034	767,976

Purpose of Levies

NADC Levy

The purpose of the levy raised by the ASU – National Office is to fund activities with respect to members within the National Airline Industry Division.

Note 4E: Grants or donations

Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	-	800
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	45,000	25,000
Total grants or donations	45,000	25,800
Note 4F: Depreciation and amortisation		
Depreciation		
Property, plant and equipment	61,994	116,026
Motor vehicles	79,398	59,204
Total depreciation	141,392	175,230
Amortisation		
Property, plant and equipment	45,137	79,693
Buildings	386,949	236,782
Total amortisation	432,086	316,475
Total depreciation and amortisation	573,478	491,705
Note 4G: Legal costs		
Litigation	243,258	204,551
Other legal matters	9,766	40,808
Total legal costs	253,024	245,359

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 4H: Audit and professional fees		
External audit fees	54,850	40,750
Professional fees	24,222	50,705
Total audit and professional fees	79,072	91,455
=	10,012	011-100
Note 4I: Service agreement expenses		
Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	24,000	24,000
Total service agreement expenses	24,000	24,000
	27,000	21,000
Note 4J: Finance costs		
Bank fees and charges	64,161	61,688
Interest expense for leasing arrangements	42,139	106,659
Total finance costs	106,300	168,347
-		
Note 4K: Other expenses		
Loss on sale of plant and equipment	4,229	-
Contribution towards Public Sector Defence Fund (operated by	1,080,000	-
Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees)	6,202	2.407
Advertising expenses	44,911	2,407 62,641
Fringe benefit tax	3,941	7,530
FBT expenses (reportable)	170,294	176,625
Insurance	143,723	136,855
Insurance - AHP Indemnity	226,484	199,066
Insurance - Corrections Legal	71,048	88,514
Motor vehicle expenses	21,000	17,120
Mortality benefits payments	101,076	112,140
Travel expenses	14,131	
Postage expenses	81,939	42,567
Telephone expenses	274,200	98,358
Computer expenses	171,106	240,172
Membership IT expenses	60,149	128,780
Office supplies expense		65,881
Industrial campaigns	252,237	273,292
Community campaigns	27,550	97,661
Payroll tax	469,876	449,240
Honoraria	57,731	54,846
Labour day expenses	72,854	47,594
Election expenses		62,356
Other expenses	165,176	144,415
Total other expenses	3,519,857	2,508,060

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 5 Current assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	4,067,913	3,043,626
Cash on hand	330 5,460,188	1,810
Term deposits	9,528,431	6,458,113 9,503,549
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,020,701	9,000,049
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office	-	1,650
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch	-	986
Less provision for doubtful debts (reporting units)	-	-
Receivable from other reporting units (net)	-	2,636
Other receivables		
Other trade and sundry receivables	89,029	59,689
Accrued membership subscriptions	27,272	-
Total other receivables	116,301	59,689
Total trade and other receivables (net)	116,301	62,325
Note 5C: Other Current Assets		
Prepayments	571,140	669,450
Total other current assets	571,140	669,450

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 6 Non-Current Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Property, plant and equipment comprises of:		
Plant and equipment (Note 6A)	321,929	365,021
Motor Vehicles (Note 6B)	279,588	341,436
Land and Buildings (Note 6C)	395,841	97,011
Total land and buildings	997,358	803,468
Note 6A: Plant and Equipment		
Plant and Equipment:	754 494	697 205
at cost	751,434	687,395
accumulated depreciation	(429,505)	(322,374)
Total Plant and Equipment	321,929	365,021
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances	of Plant and Equipment	
As at 1 July		
As at 1 July Gross book value	687,395	345,381
-	687,395 (322,374)	(159,482)
Gross book value	(322,374)	(159,482) 513,439
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment	•	(159,482)
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16	(322,374) - 365,021	(159,482) 513,439 699,338
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions:	(322,374) - 365,021	(159,482) 513,439 699,338
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131)	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719)
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007)	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266)
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals:	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131)	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719)
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal Net book value 30 June	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929 751,434	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021 687,395
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by:	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929 751,434 (429,505)	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021 687,395 (322,374)
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929 751,434	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021 687,395
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929 751,434 (429,505) 321,929	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021 687,395 (322,374) 365,021
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Net book value 30 June	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929 751,434 (429,505) 321,929	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021 687,395 (322,374) 365,021
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Net book value 30 June Included in the net carrying amount of plant and equi	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929 751,434 (429,505) 321,929	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021 687,395 (322,374) 365,021
Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Adjustment on transition of AASB 16 Net book value 1 July Additions: By purchase Depreciation/ amortisation expense Disposals: By sale/ disposal Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment Net book value 30 June	(322,374) - 365,021 85,046 (107,131) (21,007) 321,929 751,434 (429,505) 321,929 pment are right to use assets as follow	(159,482) 513,439 699,338 81,668 (195,719) (220,266) 365,021 687,395 (322,374) 365,021 wings

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 6B: Motor Vehicles		
Motor Vehicles:		
at cost	510,787	511,943
accumulated depreciation	(231,199)	(170,507)
Total motor vehicles	279,588	341,436
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Motor \	/ehicles	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	511,943	338,202
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(170,507)	(111,303)
Net book value 1 July	341,436	226,899
Additions:		
By purchase	26,326	173,741
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(79,398)	(59,204)
Disposals:		
By sale	(8,776)	-
Net book value 30 June	279,588	341,436
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	510,787	511,943
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(231,199)	(170,507)
Net book value 30 June	279,588	341,436

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 6C: Land and Buildings		
Land and Buildings:		
at cost	799,084	160,918
accumulated depreciation	(403,243)	(63,907)
Total land and buildings	395,841	97,011
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land a	and Buildings	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	160,918	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(63,907)	-
Adjustment on transition of AASB 16		1,841,333
Net book value 1 July	97,011	1,841,333
Additions:		
By purchase	690,611	-
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(386,949)	(236,782)
Disposals:		
By sale/ disposal	(4,832)	(1,507,540)
Net book value 30 June	395,841	97,011
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	799,084	160,918
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(403,243)	(63,907)
Net book value 30 June	395,841	97,011
	395,841	·
Right of use asset		-
At cost	799,084	160,918
accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	(403,243)	(63,907)
Total right of use asset – land and buildings	395,841	97,011

Land and Buildings

In addition to the above land and buildings (acquired via the requirements of AASB 16 – Leases), the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (State Registered Union) owns a 50% interest in the land and buildings located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane. An independent valuation was undertaken in June 2019 by Mr Geoffrey Trivett, AAPI CPV (Registered Valuers Number: 983) of GD Trivett & Associates Pty Ltd. This valuation indicated that the value of the land was \$3,050,000 and the building was \$1,350,000 (total \$4,400,000) of which 50% or \$2,200,000 relates to the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees.

Under the Deed of Arrangement (refer Note 12A), in the event that these assets were sold, the net proceeds would be passed through to the Branch. The above value is not reflected in the financial statements of the Branch at 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	*	
	\$	\$
Note 7 Current Liabilities		
Note 7A: Trade payables		
Trade creditors and accruals	166,636	471,425
Subtotal trade creditors	166,636	471,425
Payables to other reporting units		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office	3,703	-
Australian Services Union - Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch	7,028	1,429
Subtotal payables to other reporting units	10,731	1,429
Total trade payables	177,367	472,854
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 7B: Other payables		
Superannuation	116,977	160,968
Legal costs		60 471
Litigation Other legal matters	4,051	60,471 -
Income received in advance	342,778	266,182
GST payable	276,326	201,756
Total other payables	740,132	689,377
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months More than 12 months	740,132 -	689,377 -
Total other payables	740,132	689,377

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8 Provisions Note 8A: Employee Provisions Office Holders: Annual leave 132,282 187,154 ADO leave 1,914 3,067 Long service leave 56,990 184,837 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 191,186 375,058 Employees other than office holders: 40,95,863 1,010,868 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 50,075 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 2,96,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133		2021	2020
Note 8A: Employee Provisions Office Holders: Annual leave 132,282 187,154 ADO leave 1,914 3,067 Long service leave 56,990 184,837 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 191,186 375,058 Employees other than office holders: 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541		\$	\$
Office Holders: Annual leave 132,282 187,154 ADO leave 1,914 3,067 Long service leave 56,990 184,837 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 191,186 375,058 Employees other than office holders: 375,058 Annual leave 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Note 8 Provisions		
Annual leave 132,282 187,154 ADO leave 1,914 3,067 Long service leave 56,990 184,837 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 191,186 375,058 Employees other than office holders: 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Note 8A: Employee Provisions		
ADO leave 1,914 3,067 Long service leave 56,990 184,837 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 191,186 375,058 Employees other than office holders: 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Office Holders:		
Long service leave 56,990 184,837 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 191,186 375,058 Employees other than office holders: 2 Annual leave 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Annual leave	132,282	187,154
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 191,186 375,058 Employees other than office holders: 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	ADO leave	1,914	3,067
Employees other than office holders: 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Long service leave	56,990	184,837
Annual leave 1,095,863 1,010,868 ADO leave 64,845 62,675 Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Subtotal employee provisions—office holders	191,186	375,058
ADO leave	Employees other than office holders:		
Long service leave 1,581,012 1,522,532 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Annual leave	1,095,863	1,010,868
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 2,741,720 2,596,075 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	ADO leave	64,845	62,675
holders 2,741,720 2,390,073 Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133 Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Long service leave	1,581,012	1,522,532
Current 2,805,522 2,801,592 Non-Current 127,384 169,541		2,741,720	2,596,075
Non-Current 127,384 169,541	Total employee provisions	2,932,906	2,971,133
	Current	2,805,522	2,801,592
Total employee provisions 2,932,906 2,971,133	Non-Current	127,384	169,541
	-	2,932,906	2,971,133

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021	2020
\$	\$

Note 9 Borrowings

Note 9A: Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

Current	460,356	109,445
Non-Current	130,319	251,190
Total leases	590,675	360,635

The Branch leases 2 commercial offices, located at 104 Melbourne Street, South Brisbane and 178 Quay Street, Rockhampton, as well as a number of computer/ printer leases. With the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected in the statement of financial position as a right-to-use asset and a lease liability. The Branch classifies its right-to-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment (see Note 6).

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Branch to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Branch. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. The Branch is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. For leases over office buildings, the Branch must keep those properties in a good state of repair and return the properties in their original condition at the end of the lease.

The table below describes the nature of the Branch leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on the statement of financial position:

Right of use asset	No of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term	Average remaining term	No of leases with extension options	No of leases with options to purchase	No of leases with variable payments linked to index	No of leases with termination options
Office building	2	0-12 months	0.96 years	-	-	1	-
IT equipment	1	3.08 years	3.08 years	-	-	_	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 9A Leases (continued)

Future minimum lease payments at 30 June 2021 were as follows:

Minimum lease	payments	due
---------------	----------	-----

	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	After 5 years	Total
30 June 2021							
Lease payments	488,768	71,016	71,016	5,918	-	-	636,718
Future finance charges	(28,412)	(11,142)	(6,023)	(466)	-	-	(46,043)
Net present value	460,356	59,874	64,993	5,452			590,675
•							
30 June 2020							
Lease payments	138,584	116,357	79,926	83,923	12,109	***	430,899
Future finance charges	(29,138)	(20,561)	(12,866)	(7,132)	(567)	-	(70,264)
Net present value	109,446	95,796	67,060	76,791	11,542	-	360,635

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2020
N	\$	\$
Note 10 Cash Flow		
Note 10A: Cash Flow Reconciliation Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement Position to Cash Flow Statement:	of Financial	
Cash and cash equivalents as per:		
Cash flow statement	9,528,431	9,503,549
Statement of financial position	9,528,431	9,503,549
Difference	-	
Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:		
Surplus for the year	227,357	799,920
Adjustments for non-cash items		404 = 25
Depreciation/ amortisation	573,478	491,705
Interest expense on leases (non-cash)	42,139	106,659
Loss on disposal of assets	4,229	-
Changes in assets/liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in net receivables	(53,976)	10,939
(Increase)/ decrease in prepayments	98,310	(95,267)
Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables	(244,732)	192,775
Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions	(38,227)	215,535
Net cash provided by/ (used in) operating activities	608,578	1,722,266
Note 10B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union	22,858	14,274
 Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union 	,	
- National Office	1,650	2,660
Total cash inflows	24,508	16,934
Cash outflows to other reporting units Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union	(18,435)	(30,582)
 Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union 		, ,
- National Office	(1,038,160)	(992,369)
Total cash outflows	(1,056,595)	(1,022,951)

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 10C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

The Branch did not have any credit facilities during the 2021 financial year (2020: Nil).

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 10D: Net debt reconciliation		
Cash and cash equivalents	9,528,431	9,503,549
Borrowings - repayable within one year	(460,356)	(109,445)
Borrowings - repayable after one year	(130,319)	(251,190)
Net debt	8,937,756	9,142,914

Note 10E: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	Other Assets	Liabilities from financing activities		
	Cash assets	Lease – due within 1 year	Leases – due after 1 year	Total
Net debt at 1 July 2019	8,409,682	-	-	8,409,682
Adjustment on transition of AASB	-	(371,279)	(1,983,493)	(2,354,772)
Adjustment to liability on cancellation of leases	-	634,824	1,732,303	2,367,127
Cash flows	1,093,867	(372,990)	~	720,877
Net debt at 30 June 2020	9,503,549	(109,445)	(251,190)	9,142,914
Cash flows	24,882	(350,911)	120,871	(205,158)
Net debt at 30 June 2021	9,528,431	(460,356)	(130,319)	8,937,756

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 11 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 11A: Commitments and Contingencies

2021	2020
\$	\$

Capital Commitments

At 30 June 2021 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2020: Nil).

Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch.

Leasing Commitments (as a lessor)

The Branch leases sub-leases to 4 other unions at the Rockhampton regional office.

Future minimum rentals receivables under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 June are as follows:

Receivable - Minimum lease payments

not later than 12 months	31,200	31,200
between 12 months and 5 years	-	31,200
greater than 5 years	-	-
Minimum lease payments	31,200	62,400

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period

Related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the Australian, Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office (ASU – National Office) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch (ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales Local Government, Clerical, Administrative, Energy, Airlines and Utilities Branch (ASU – NSW United Services Branch) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory Branch (ASU – NSW & ACT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria/ Tasmania Authorities and Services Branch (ASU – VIC/ TAS Authorities Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria Private Sector Branch (ASU – VIC Private Sector Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – South Australia/ Northern Territory Branch (ASU – SA/ NT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Western Australia Branch (ASU – WA Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Taxation Officers' Branch (ASU – Tax Officers' Branch)

In addition, the Branch's state registered body – Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees is a related party, as there are common members on both committees of management.

2021

2020

986

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Reimbursement of property expenses/ other occupancy costs

	\$	\$
Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (Cor	ntinued)	
The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have b parties for the relevant year.	een entered into wit	th related
Revenue received from ASU – National Office includes the		
following: Reimbursement of office and administration expenses	-	3,136
Expenses paid to ASU – National Office includes the following:		
Capitation fees	929,408	891,341
National airline industry division levy	4,477	4,477
ACTU levy, insurance premium and other costs recharged	10,857	6,336
Amounts owed by ASU – National Office include the following:		
Reimbursement of travel costs and other expenses	-	1,650
Revenue received from ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of expenses/ other occupancy costs	14,181	13,934
Reimbursement of labour day expenses	5,035	-
Expenses paid to ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of property expenses on building located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane	23,885	27,025
Reimbursement of training expenses	-	1,700
Amounts owed to ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch include the following:		-
Property expenses	7,028	1,429
Amounts owed by ASU – – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch include the following:		
, tallimination of braziles include the lengthings		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021	2020
\$	\$
Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (Continued)	

Expenses paid to Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees includes the following:

Service agreement expenses	24,000	24,000
Proceeds from sale for motor vehicle sales	•	10,661
Contribution towards Public Sector Defence Fund	1,080,000	-

Amounts owed to Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees include the following:

Proceeds from sale for motor vehicle sales - 6,600

Transfer of Assets from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees

A Deed of Agreement was entered into between the Branch and Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (the state registered union) that outlined in exchange for the transfer of net assets, the Branch would:

- 1. be responsible for all liabilities of Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (both actual and any contingent) prior to 1 July 2015;
- 2. from 1 July 2015 be liable for the payment of accrued employee entitlements and well as payment of all future employment costs;
- 3. require all membership subscriptions are to be receipted into the Branch's authorised bank accounts; and
- 4. be responsible for the ongoing day-to-day operations of the Branch.
- 5. In the event that Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees sold any remaining assets (which comprise of 50% ownership of the land and buildings located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane and motor vehicles) that the net proceeds will be paid to the Branch.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (Continued)

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2021, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2020: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Note 12B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the Reporting Period

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined that key management personnel comprises of:

- Alexander Scott (Branch Secretary)
- Vivienne Doogan (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- Katherine Flanders (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- Darren Roach (Committee Member from 1 July 2020 8 February 2021)
- Sean Waugh (Staff Delegate to Conference)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, the key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	682,536	717,914
Annual leave and ADO accrued	73,660	76,305
Non-cash benefits	68,242	56,470
Other	10,443	11,171
Total short-term employee benefits	834,881	861,860
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	162,627	125,028
Total post-employment benefits	162,627	125,028
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave	20,967	21,633
Total other long-term benefits	20,967	21,633
Termination benefits	-	-
Total	1,018,475	1,008,521

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 13 Remuneration of Auditors and Other Professional Fees

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Value of the services provided		
Financial statement audit services	54,850	40,750
Other services		<u>-</u>
	54,850	40,750
Professional Fees (not provided by external auditor)	24,222	50,705
Total remuneration of auditors and other professional fees	79,072	91,455

Note 14 Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Policy

Branch Executive monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Executive meets on a monthly basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Financial Instruments (Continued) Note 14

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2021

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Trade and other receivables	116,301		-	-	116,301		
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	116,301	*	-	•	116,301		
Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2020 Within							

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	59,689	-	_	-	59,689
Receivables from other reporting units	2,636	-	-	-	2,636
Total	62,325				62,325

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Credit Risk (Continued)

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2021, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Years		1 to 5 Years Over 5		То	tal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	(177,367)	(472,854)	•	•	-	-	(177,367)	(472,854)
Other payables	(740,132)	(689,377)		•	-	-	(740,132)	(689,377)
Lease liabilities	(460,356)	(109,445)	(130,319)	(251,190)	-	-	(590,675)	(360,635)
Total expected outflows	(1,377,855)	(1,271,676)	(130,319)	(251,190)	•	-	(1,448,174)	(1,522,866)
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	9,528,431	9,503,549	•	-	-	-	9,528,431	9,503,549
Trade and other receivables	116,301	62,325		-	-	-	116,301	62,325
Total anticipated inflows	9,644,732	9,565,874	•	-	-	-	9,644,732	9,565,874
Net inflow/ (outflow) on financial instruments	8,266,877	8,294,198	(130,319)	(251,190)		-	8,196,558	8,043,008

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is managed using a mix of fixed and floating financial instruments. The effective interest rate expenditure to interest rate financial instruments are as follows:

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	%	%	\$	\$	
Floating rate instruments					
Cash and cash equivalents	0.42	1.25	9,528,431	9,503,549	

ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iii. Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

iv. Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Change in profit		
Increase in interest rates by 2%	189,807	190,071
Decrease in interest rates by 2%	(39,725)	(119,075)
Change in members equity		
Increase in interest rates by 2%	189,807	190,071
Decrease in interest rates by 2%	(39,725)	(119,075)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk, as the Branch is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

Note 15 Fair Value Measurement

Fair Values

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

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2020

		2021		2020		
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	9,528,431	9,528,431	9,503,549	9,503,549	
Accounts receivable and other debtors	(i)	116,301	116,301	62,325	62,325	
Total financial assets		9,644,732	9,644,732	9,565,874	9,565,874	
Financial liabilities						
Accounts payable and other payables	(i)	917,499	917,499	1,162,231	1,162,231	
Lease liabilities		590,675	590,675	360,635	360,635	
Total financial liabilities		1,508,174	1,508,174	1,522,866	1,522,866	

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Branch did not have any assets or liabilities that were recorded using the above fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 16 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

Note 17 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

Level 6, 22 Cordelia Street, SOUTH BRISBANE QLD 4001

Note 18 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in Queensland.

OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT

I, Alex Scott, being the Branch Secretary of the Australian, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2021:

The reporting unit did not:

- agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- · receive capitation fees from another reporting unit
- receive revenue via compulsory levies
- receive donations or grants
- receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- pay a grant that exceeded \$1,000
- pay a donation that was \$1,000 or less
- pay separation and redundancy to holders of office
- · pay other employee expenses to holders of office
- pay other employee expenses to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay separation and redundancy to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay to a person fees or allowances to attend conferences or meetings as a representative of the reporting unit
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to litigation
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- have a receivable with other reporting unit(s)
- have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of holders of office
- have other employee provisions in respect of holders of office
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have other employee provisions in respect of employees (other than holders of office)

OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

- have a fund or account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity
- have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- · make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Alex Scott Branch Secretary

8 November 2021

South Brisbane



accountants + auditors

Brisbane GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Old 4001 Australia

Gold Coast GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Old 4001 Australia

Independent Audit Report to the Members of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch

Banyo PO Box 80 Banyo Qld 4014 Australia

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Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch as at 30 June 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

I declare that I am an auditor registered under the RO Act.

M.C.I

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 8 November 2021

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2