

**TOGETHER QUEENSLAND,
INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES**

ABN 13 540 483 194

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

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**TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

Operating Report

In accordance with section 764 of the *Industrial Relations Act 2016* ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees ("the Union"), for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Principal Activities

The principal operating activities of the Union continued to be those of industrial activities that are normally carried out by the Trade Union and are consistent with the objects of the Union and particularly the object of protecting and improving the interests of the members.

Operating Results

The deficit for the financial year amounted to \$33,315. No provision for tax was necessary as the Union is considered exempt.

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

There was no significant change to the financial affairs of the Union during the year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Union, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Union in future financial years.

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Union or the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Union.

Environmental Issues

The Union's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Members Right to Resign

All members have the right to resign from the Union in accordance with Rule 12 of the Union (and the Act); namely, by providing written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Union of which they are a member.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Membership of the Union

Total number of members as at 30 June 2019: 28,130.

Employees of the Union

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Union, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 0.0.

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Union at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name	Period of Appointment	Position
Sharon Abbott	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Michele Bailey	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Rachel Barley	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Elizabeth Barnes	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Ray Booker	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Michelle Byard	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Christine Collyer	01/07/2018 to 27/05/2019	Executive Member
Josh Crump	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Shane Daly	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Peter Devey	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Ashley Dodd	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Sandy Donald	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Vivienne Doogan	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	President
Karen Faulkner	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Helen Fitzgerald	01/07/2018 to 04/04/2019	Councillor
Kate Flanders	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Assistant Secretary
Eva Foster	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Deb Green	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Rodney Harris	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Catherine Hogarth	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Rohan Huguenin	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Sandra Lewis	03/02/2019 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
John Marhin	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Ruth McFarlane	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Maureen McKirdy	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Irene Monro	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Assistant Secretary
Cristelle Mulvogue	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Paul O'Driscoll	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Joanne O'Shanesy	01/07/2018 to 27/05/2019	Executive Member
Travis Rigby	01/07/2018 to 21/06/2019	Councillor
Darren Roach	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Gary Roberts	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

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TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

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Rachel Barley	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Elizabeth Barnes	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Ray Booker	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Michelle Byard	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Christine Collyer	01/07/2018 to 27/05/2019	Executive Member
Josh Crump	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Shane Daly	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Peter Devey	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Ashley Dodd	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Sandy Donald	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Vivienne Doogan	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	President
Karen Faulkner	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Helen Fitzgerald	01/07/2018 to 04/04/2019	Councillor
Kate Flanders	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Assistant Secretary
Eva Foster	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Deb Green	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Rodney Harris	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Catherine Hogarth	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Rohan Huguenin	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Sandra Lewis	03/02/2019 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
John Marhin	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Ruth McFarlane	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Maureen McKirdy	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Irene Monro	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Assistant Secretary
Cristelle Mulvogue	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Paul O'Driscoll	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Joanne O'Shanesy	01/07/2018 to 27/05/2019	Executive Member
Travis Rigby	01/07/2018 to 21/06/2019	Councillor
Darren Roach	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Gary Roberts	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Members of the Committee of Management (continued)

Name	Period of Appointment	Position
Gayle Robertson	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Peter Robertson	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Angie Saville - Balsamo	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Alex Scott	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Secretary
Anthony Scott	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Jasmin Sears	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Ryan Sheedy	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Pauline Spackman	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
John Stack	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Barry Stark	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Mark Starkey	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Executive Member
Lyn Stephens	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Kim Sunarjana	01/07/2018 to 29/05/2019	Councillor
James Swan	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Shanti Thompson	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Mandy Timmers	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Ross Uhlmann	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Kathleen Wacker	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Gregory Walters	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Rowena Wichman	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor
Peter Yates	01/07/2018 to 30/06/2019	Councillor

Wages Recovery Activity

The Union has not undertaken any recovery of wages activity for the financial years ended 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

Those who hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.764 of the *Industrial Relations Act 2016*, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation are as follows:

Officer/Member/ Employee	Trustee Company	Entity/Scheme	Position	Period position held for
Ruth McFarlane	Q Super Board	Q Super	Trustee Director	Since December 2013

**TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
 COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

Remuneration Register

Register of the highest paid officers of the Union during the year comprise of:

Officeholder	Remuneration \$	Superannuation \$	Allowances \$	Other Benefits \$	Description of Allowance and other Benefits
Nil					

Register of Loans, Grants and Donations

Register of loans, grants and donations during the year comprise of:

Amount	Reason for payment	Name and address of recipient	Arrangements for repayments (if a loan)
Nil			

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:



.....
 Alex Scott
 Secretary

18 November 2019

South Brisbane

**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION
TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE
TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES**

As lead auditor for the audit of the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees for the year ended 30 June 2019; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

M.C.F

MGI Audit Pty Ltd



G I Kent

Director – Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane

18 November 2019

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

On 18 November 2019, the Committee of Management of the Union passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2019.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the Registrar;
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Union for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Union will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the Union concerned; and
 - ii. the financial affairs of the Union have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation;
 - iii. the financial records of the Union have been kept and maintained in accordance with the Act;
 - iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation;
 - v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 787 of the Act, that information has been provided to the member or Registrar; and
 - vi. there have been no orders for inspection of financial records made by the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission under section 788 of the Act during the year.
- (f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting year.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

(g) The Union has complied with Section 741 of the Act – Financial Management Training, and in doing so confirm the following members have attended the necessary training:

Name	Position in Union	Training Package Completed	Date Completed
Sharon Abbott	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Michele Bailey	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Rachel Barley	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	02/03/2016
Elizabeth Barnes	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Ray Booker	Councillor	ACTU Union Governance	26/03/2018
Michelle Byard	Executive Member	ACTU Union Governance	26/03/2018
Christine Collyer	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Josh Crump	Councillor	ACTU Union Governance	18/05/2018
Shane Daly	Councillor	ACTU Union Governance	25/10/2017
Peter Devey	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Ashley Dodd	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Sandy Donald	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Vivienne Doogan	President	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Karen Faulkner	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	05/03/2016
Helen Fitzgerald	Councillor	Has not completed training	On extended leave from work
Kate Flanders	Assistant Secretary	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Eva Foster	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Christine Fox	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Deb Green	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Rodney Harris	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Catherine Hogarth	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Rohan Huguenin	Executive Member	ACTU Union Governance	30/07/2017
Sandra Lewis	Councillor	ACTU Union Governance	18/05/2018
Stephen Louwrens	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Brendan Lynch	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
John Marhin	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	21/03/2017
Ruth McFarlane	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Maureen McKirdy	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Irene Monro	Assistant Secretary	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Cristelle Mulvogue	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Paul O'Driscoll	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Joanne O'Shanesy	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Travis Rigby	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Darren Roach	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	02/03/2016
Gary Roberts	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Gayle Robertson	Councillor	ACTU Union Governance	30/07/2017
Peter Robertson	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	21/03/2017
Angie Saville - Balsamo	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Alex Scott	Secretary	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Anthony Scott	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	05/03/2016
Jasmin Sears	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Ryan Sheedy	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Pauline Spackman	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015

Name	Position in Union	Training Package Completed	Date Completed
John Stack	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Barry Stark	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	11/01/2019
Mark Starkey	Executive Member	QCU Union Governance	13/10/2015
Lyn Stephens	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Kim Sunarjana	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
James Swan	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Shanti Thompson	Councillor	ACTU Union Governance	30/07/2017
Mandy Timmers	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Ross Uhlmann	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	21/03/2017
Kathleen Wacker	Councillor	ACTU Union Governance	18/05/2018
Gregory Walters	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	02/03/2016
Rowena Wichman	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015
Peter Yates	Councillor	QCU Union Governance	22/11/2015

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer: Alex Scott

Title of Designated Officer: Secretary

Signature:


.....

Date: 18 November 2019

Independent Audit Report to the Members of the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (the Union), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees as at 30 June 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Tier 1 requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 11 of Chapter 12 of the *Industrial Relations Act 2016* (the Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Union is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Union in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Union is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Union's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Union or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Union's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Union's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Union to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Union to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Union's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

Opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report

The scope of our work extended to the recovery of wages activity and we have audited the recovery of wages activity financial report for the year ended 30 June 2019.

In our opinion, the financial statements and notes and recovery of wages activity financial report properly and fairly report all information required by the reporting guidelines of the Registrar, including:

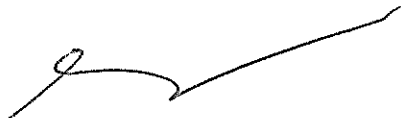
- a) any fees charged to, or reimbursements of expenses claimed from, members and others for recovery of wages activity; and
- b) any donations or other contributions deducted from recovered money.

Responsibilities

The Committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the recovery of wages activity financial report in accordance with the reporting guidelines of the Registrar. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

M.L.F

MGI Audit Pty Ltd



G I Kent

Director – Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane

18 November 2019

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	Notes	2019 \$	2018 \$
Revenue			
Membership subscription		-	-
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		-	-
Capitation fees	3A	-	-
Levies	3B	-	-
Interest	3C	-	-
Grants or donations	3D	-	-
Other revenue	3E	27,756	28,792
Total revenue		27,756	28,792
Expenses			
Administration expenses	4D	(180)	(180)
Affiliations	4C	-	-
Audit fees	13	(4,500)	(4,500)
Capitation fees	4B	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	4F	(46,391)	(55,079)
Employee expenses	4A	-	-
Grants or donations	4E	-	-
Legal costs	4G	-	-
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		(1,454)	(10,379)
Other expenses	4H	(8,546)	(99,544)
Total expenses		(61,071)	(169,682)
Deficit for the year		(33,315)	(140,890)
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income (net of income tax)			
- Gain on revaluation of property, plant and equipment		61,200	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		27,885	(140,890)

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2019**

	Notes	2019 \$	2018 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	54,917	77,685
Trade and other receivables	5B	-	-
Total current assets		54,917	77,685
Non-Current Assets			
Land and buildings	6A	2,200,000	2,169,400
Motor Vehicles	6B	39,169	59,140
Total non-current assets		2,239,169	2,228,540
Total assets		2,294,086	2,306,225
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	4,774	44,798
Other payables	7B	-	-
Employee provisions	8A	-	-
Total current liabilities		4,774	44,798
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A	-	-
Total non-current liabilities		4,774	44,798
Total liabilities		4,774	44,798
Net assets		2,289,312	2,261,427
EQUITY			
Asset revaluation reserve	9	685,200	624,000
Retained earnings		1,604,112	1,637,427
Total equity		2,289,312	2,261,427

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	Notes	Asset Revaluation Reserve \$	Retained earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance as at 1 July 2017		624,000	1,778,317	2,402,317
Deficit for the year		-	(140,890)	(140,890)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2018		624,000	1,637,427	2,261,427
Deficit for the year		-	(33,315)	(33,315)
Other comprehensive income		61,200	-	61,200
Closing balance as at 30 June 2019		685,200	1,604,112	2,289,312

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	Notes	2019 \$	2018 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units	10B	-	-
Receipts from members and other customers		28,028	30,724
Interest		-	-
Cash used			
Employees and suppliers		(53,522)	(84,189)
Payment to other reporting units	10B	-	-
Net cash used in by operating activities		(25,494)	(53,465)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		2,726	14,544
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,726	14,544
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
		-	-
Net decrease in cash held		(22,768)	(38,921)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		77,685	116,606
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	10A	54,917	77,685

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

**RECOVERY OF WAGES ACTIVITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at beginning of year	-	-
Receipts		
Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages etc.	-	-
Interest received on recovered money	-	-
Total receipts	-	-
Payments		
Deductions of amounts due in respect of membership for:		
12 months or less	-	-
Greater than 12 months	-	-
Deductions of donations or other contributions to accounts or funds of:		
The reporting unit:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Name of other reporting unit of the organisation:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Name of other entity:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Deductions of fees or reimbursement of expenses	-	-
Payments to workers in respect of recovered money	-	-
Total payments	-	-
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at end of year	-	-
Number of workers to which the monies recovered relates	-	-
Aggregate payables to workers attributable to recovered monies but not yet distributed		
Payable balance	-	-
Number of workers the payable relates to	-	-
Fund or account operated for recovery of wages	-	-

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

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TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.19 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Industrial Relations Act 2016*. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (the Union) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Key Estimates

Impairment – general

The Union assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Union that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

Key Judgements

Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard requirements

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following standards and amendments, which have been adopted for the first time this financial year

- AASB 9 Financial Instruments and relevant amending standards, which replaces AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

Impact on adoption of AASB 9

(a) Initial application

AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* (**AASB 9**) replaces AASB139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* (**AASB 139**) for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, bringing together all three aspects of the accounting for financial instruments: classification and measurement; impairment; and hedge accounting.

The Union has applied AASB 9 retrospectively, with an initial application date of 1 July 2018.

The adoption of AASB 9 did not have any material impact on the amount disclosed in the comparative financial year.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

- AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058) and AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15)

AASB 1058 clarifies and simplifies the income recognition requirements that apply to not-to-profit (NFP) entities, in conjunction with AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. These Standards supersede all the income recognition requirements relating to private sector NFP entities, and the majority of income recognition requirements relating to public sector NFP entities, previously in AASB 1004 Contributions.

Under AASB 1058, the timing of income recognition depends on whether a NFP transaction gives rise to a liability or other performance obligation (a promise to transfer a good or service), or a contribution by owners, related to an asset (such as cash or another asset) received by an entity.

This standard applies when a NFP entity enters into transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than the fair value of the asset principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. In the latter case, the entity will recognise and measure the asset at fair value in accordance with the applicable Australian Accounting Standard (e.g. AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment).

Upon initial recognition of the asset, AASB 1058 requires the entity to consider whether any other financial statement elements (called 'related amounts') should be recognised, such as:

- Contributions by owners;
- Revenue, or a contract liability arising from a contract with a customer;
- A lease liability;
- A financial instrument; or
- A provision.

These related amounts will be accounted for in accordance with the applicable Australian Accounting Standard.

The Union is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 1058 and AASB 15. However, based on the Union's preliminary assessment, the Standards are not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopts for the year ending 30 June 2020.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements (continued)

- AASB 16: Leases (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019)

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to leases in AASB 117: Leases and related Interpretations. AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model that eliminates the requirement for leases to be classified as operating or finance leases. The main changes introduced by the new Standard include:

- recognition of a right-to-use asset and liability for all leases (excluding short-term leases with less than 12 months of tenure and leases relating to low-value assets);
- depreciation of right-to-use assets in line with AASB 116: Property, Plant and Equipment in profit or loss and unwinding of the liability in principal and interest components;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- by applying a practical expedient, a lessee is permitted to elect not to separate non-lease components and instead account for all components as a lease; and
- additional disclosure requirements.

The transitional provisions of AASB 16 allow a lessee to either retrospectively apply the Standard to comparatives in line with AASB 108: Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors or recognise the cumulative effect of retrospective application as an adjustment to opening equity on the date of initial application.

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 16 will significantly affect the Union.

1.5 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from subscriptions is accounted for on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the entity retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods, the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

Donation income is recognised when it is received.

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account. Collectability of debts is reviewed at end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Gains

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

1.7 Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

1.8 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

1.9 Leases

Operating lease payments are expensed on a straight-line basis which is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets.

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

1.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Union becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

1.12 Financial assets

Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Branch's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Branch's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Branch commits to purchase or sell the asset.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:

- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortised costs

The reporting unit measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Branch's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial assets (continued)

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
 - a) The Branch has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - b) the Branch has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Branch continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment

(i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Branch applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Branch does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Branch recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Branch expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Branch considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Branch may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Branch is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

1.13 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost unless or at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Branch's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.13 Financial Liabilities (continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

1.14 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.15 Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.15 Plant and Equipment (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2019	2018
Motor vehicles	5.8 years	5.8 years
Buildings	25 years	25 years

Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

1.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Union were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.17 Taxation

The Union is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

1.18 Fair value measurement

The Union measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 15.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Union. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Union uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.18 Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Union determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Union has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

1.19 Going concern

The Union is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis.

The Union has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2019, and /or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Union.

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 3 Income		
Note 3A: Capitation fees		
Total capitation fees	-	-
Note 3B: Levies		
Total levies	-	-
Note 3C: Interest		
Deposits	-	-
Total interest	-	-
Note 3D: Grants or donations		
Grants	-	-
Donations	-	-
Total grants or donations	-	-
Note 3E: Other revenue		
Financial Support from another reporting unit	-	-
Service income – from ASU – Queensland Together Branch	24,000	24,000
Sundry income	3,756	4,792
	27,756	28,792

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses		
Note 4A: Employee expenses		
Holders of office:		
Wages and salaries	-	-
Superannuation	-	-
Leave and other entitlements	-	-
Separation and redundancies	-	-
Other employee expenses	-	-
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Employees other than office holders:		
Wages and salaries	-	-
Superannuation	-	-
Leave and other entitlements	-	-
Separation and redundancies	-	-
Other employee expenses	-	-
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total employee expenses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Note 4B: Capitation fees	-	-
Total capitation fees	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Note 4C: Affiliation fees	-	-
Total affiliation fees	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Note 4D: Administration expenses		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
Compulsory levies	-	-
Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences	-	-
Bank fees and charges	180	180
Conference and meeting expenses	-	-
Total administration and other operating expense	<u>180</u>	<u>180</u>

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 4E: Grants or donations		
Grants:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	-	-
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	-	-
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Total grants or donations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Note 4F: Depreciation and amortisation		
Depreciation		
Buildings	30,600	30,600
Motor vehicles	15,791	24,479
Total depreciation	<u>46,391</u>	<u>55,079</u>
Amortisation	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total depreciation and amortisation	<u>46,391</u>	<u>55,079</u>
Note 4G: Legal costs		
Litigation	-	-
Other legal matters	-	-
Total legal costs	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 4H: Other expenses		
Penalties - via Act or Regulations	-	-
Transfer to ASU – Queensland Together Branch	8,546	99,545
Total other expenses	<u>8,546</u>	<u>99,545</u>

Note 5 Current Assets

Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash at bank	54,917	77,685
Cash on hand	-	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>54,917</u>	<u>77,685</u>

Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables

Receivables from other reporting units	-	-
Less provision for doubtful debts (reporting units)	-	-
Receivable from other reporting units (net)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other receivables	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total trade and other receivables (net)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
Note 6 Non-current Assets	\$	\$
Note 6A: Land and Building		
Land and Building - 32 Peel Street South Brisbane (50% interest):		
independent valuation 2019	2,200,000	2,200,000
accumulated depreciation	-	(30,600)
Total land and buildings	2,200,000	2,169,400

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of land and buildings

As at 1 July		
Gross book value	2,200,000	2,200,000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(30,600)	-
Net book value 1 July	2,169,400	2,200,000
Additions:		
By purchase	-	-
By independent valuation	61,200	-
Depreciation expense	(30,600)	(30,600)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 30 June	2,200,000	2,169,400
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	2,200,000	2,200,000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(30,600)
Net book value 30 June	2,200,000	2,169,400

Valuation Details

- (a) In June 2019, the land and buildings at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane was valued by Mr Michael Galvin – AAPI CPV (Registered Valuers Number: 1779) of G.D Trivett & Associates Pty Ltd. The amount presented in the financial statements represents half of the valuation value for the land and buildings as provided in this valuation, in accordance with the Union's ownership in these assets.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 6B: Motor Vehicles		
Motor Vehicles:		
at cost	136,019	148,694
accumulated depreciation	(96,850)	(89,554)
Total motor vehicles	39,169	59,140

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Motor Vehicles

As at 1 July		
Gross book value	148,694	246,287
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(89,554)	(137,745)
Net book value 1 July	59,140	108,542
Additions:		
By purchase	-	-
Depreciation expense	(15,791)	(24,479)
Disposals:		
By sale	(4,180)	(24,923)
Net book value 30 June	39,169	59,140
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	136,019	148,694
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(96,850)	(89,554)
Net book value 30 June	39,169	59,140

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 7 Current Liabilities		
Note 7A: Trade payables		
Trade creditors and accruals	4,774	5,253
Related party creditors (ASU – Queensland Together Branch)	-	39,545
Subtotal trade creditors	<u>4,774</u>	<u>44,798</u>
Payables to other reporting units	-	-
Subtotal payables to other reporting units	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total trade payables	<u><u>4,774</u></u>	<u><u>44,798</u></u>
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 7B: Other payables		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
Legal costs		
Litigation	-	-
Other legal matters	-	-
Other	-	-
Total other payables	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months	-	-
More than 12 months	-	-
Total other payables	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 8		
Provisions		
Note 8A: Employee Provisions		
Office Holders:		
Annual leave	-	-
Long service leave	-	-
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-
<i>Subtotal employee provisions—office holders</i>	-	-
Employees other than office holders:		
Annual leave	-	-
Long service leave	-	-
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-
<i>Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders</i>	-	-
Total employee provisions	-	-
Current	-	-
Non-Current	-	-
<i>Total employee provisions</i>	-	-

Note 9 Reserves

Note 9A: Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records revaluation of property, plant and equipment.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 10 Cash Flow		
Note 10A: Cash Flow Reconciliation		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement:		
Cash and cash equivalents as per:		
Cash flow statement	54,917	77,685
Statement of financial position	54,917	77,685
Difference	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Reconciliation of deficit to net cash from operating activities:		
Deficit for the year	(33,315)	(140,890)
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Depreciation/ amortisation	46,391	55,079
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,454	10,379
Changes in assets/liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in net receivables and prepayments	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) in trade creditors	(40,024)	21,967
Increase/ (decrease) in other payables	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions	-	-
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(25,494)</u>	<u>(53,465)</u>
Note 10B: Cash flow information		
Cash inflows from other reporting units	-	-
Total cash inflows	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash outflows to other reporting units	-	-
Total cash outflows	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 10C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

The Union does not hold any credit standby arrangements or loan facilities at 30 June 2019 (2018: Nil).

Note 10D: Non-cash transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the year (2018: Nil).

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 10E: Net debt reconciliation		
Cash and cash equivalents	54,917	77,685
Borrowings – repayable within one year	-	-
Borrowings – repayable after one year	-	-
Net debt	<u>54,917</u>	<u>77,685</u>

Note 10F: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	Other Assets	Liabilities from financing activities		
	Cash assets	Borrowings – due within 1 year	Borrowings – due after 1 year	Total
Net debt at 1 July 2017	116,606	-	-	116,606
Cash flows	(38,921)	-	-	(38,921)
Net debt at 30 June 2018	<u>77,685</u>	-	-	<u>77,685</u>
Cash flows	(22,768)			(22,768)
Net debt at 30 June 2019	<u>54,917</u>	-	-	<u>54,917</u>

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 11 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

2019	2018
\$	\$

Note 11A: Commitments and Contingencies

Capital commitments

At 30 June 2019 the Union did not have any capital commitments (2018: Nil).

Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

Estimates of the potential financial effect of contingent liabilities that may become payable:

Credit Facility

The Union has the following credit facility:

In Favour of:

Commonwealth Bank of Australia	<u>130,000</u>	<u>130,000</u>
	<u>130,000</u>	<u>130,000</u>

Leasing Commitments

The Union does not have any leasing commitments at 30 June 2019 (2018: Nil).

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period

Holders of office and related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees has consistent key management personnel as that of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Queensland Together Branch) – which is a Branch of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union. As a result, the Union is related (for the purposes of financial reporting) to other ASU branches, which comprise of:

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office (ASU – National Office)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Services & Northern Administrative (ASU – Services & Northern Administrative Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales Local Government, Clerical, Administrative, Energy, Airlines and Utilities Branch (ASU – NSW United Services Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory Branch (ASU – NSW & ACT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria/ Tasmania Authorities and Services Branch (ASU – VIC/ TAS Authorities Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria Private Sector Branch (ASU – VIC Private Sector Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – South Australia/ Northern Territory Branch (ASU – SA/ NT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Western Australia Branch (ASU – WA Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Taxation Officers' Branch (ASU – Tax Officers' Branch)

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Revenue received from ASU – Queensland Together Branch includes the following:		
Service income	24,000	24,000
Expense paid to ASU - Queensland Together Branch includes the following:		
Contribution towards IT review	4,791	85,000
Net sales proceeds on the sale of unit trust and motor vehicles	-	14,545
Sundry expenditure	3,755	-
Amounts owed to the ASU - Queensland Together Branch include the following:		
Net sales proceeds on the sale of motor vehicles	-	14,545
Contribution towards IT review	-	25,000

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period
Holders of office and related reporting units

Transfer of Assets to the ASU – Queensland Together Branch

A Deed of Agreement was entered into between the Union and the ASU – Queensland Together Branch (the Branch) that outlined in exchange for the transfer of net assets, the Branch would:

1. be responsible for all liabilities of Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (both actual and any contingent) prior to 1 July 2015;
2. from 1 July 2015 be liable for the payment of accrued employee entitlements and well as payment of all future employment costs;
3. require all membership subscriptions to be receipted into the Branch's authorised bank accounts; and
4. be responsible for the ongoing day-to-day operations of the Branch.
5. In the event that Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees sold any remaining assets (which comprise of 50% ownership of the land and buildings located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane, investment in unlisted unit trust and motor vehicles) that the net proceeds will be paid to the Branch.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2019, the Union has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2018: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Union. The Union has determined key management personnel comprise of:

- Vivienne Doogan (President)
- Alexander Scott (Secretary)
- Irene Monro (Assistant Secretary)
- Katherine Flanders (Assistant Secretary)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, key management personnel of the Union were remunerated as follows:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Note 12B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the Reporting Period		
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	-	-
Other	-	-
Total short-term employee benefits	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	-	-
Total post-employment benefits	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave	-	-
Total other long-term benefits	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Termination benefits	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

Note 13 Remuneration of Auditors

Value of the services provided

Financial statement audit services	4,500	7,500
Other services	-	-
Total remuneration of auditors	<u>4,500</u>	<u>7,500</u>

No non-audit services were provided to the Union during the year.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 14 Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Policy

The Union's Committee of Management monitors the Union's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Union Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Union.

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Union. The Union does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Union has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Union.

On a geographical basis, the Union's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Union's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Union and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Union.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2019

	Within Trading Terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2018

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

The Union has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2019, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Union does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2019 (2018: Nil).

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Union might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Union manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Union does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	4,774	44,798	-	-	-	-	4,774	44,798
Other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expected outflows	4,774	44,798	-	-	-	-	4,774	44,798
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	54,917	77,685	-	-	-	-	54,917	77,685
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total anticipated inflows	54,917	77,685	-	-	-	-	54,917	77,685
Net (outflow) / inflow on financial instruments	50,143	32,887	-	-	-	-	50,143	32,887

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(c) Market Risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Union is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

The financial instruments which expose the Union to interest rate risk are limited to its cash reserves.

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate			
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	%	%	\$	\$
Floating rate instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	0.0	0.0	54,917	77,685

ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Union is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iii. Price risk

The Union is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

The Union has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

v. Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Union's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Profit	Equity
	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2019		
+2% in interest rates	+1,553	+2,332
-2% in interest rates	-	-
Year ended 30 June 2018		
+2% in interest rates	+1,553	+2,332
-2% in interest rates	-	-

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Union has no material direct exposures to currency risk. There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 15 Fair Value Measurement

Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Union. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Union.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Union's financial assets and liabilities:

	Footnote	2019		2018	
		Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	54,917	54,917	77,685	77,685
Investments	(i)	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets		54,917	54,917	77,685	77,685
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	(i)	4,774	4,774	44,798	44,798
Other payables	(i)	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities		4,774	4,774	44,798	44,798

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The following tables provide an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

Fair value hierarchy – 30 June 2019

	Note	Date of Valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value					
Land and buildings – 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane	6A	30 June 2019	-	2,200,000	-
Total			-	2,200,000	-

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Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy – 30 June 2018

	Note	Date of Valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value					
Land and buildings – 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane	6A	30 June 2017	-	2,200,000	-
Total			-	2,200,000	-

The Union does not have any other assets or liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

Note 16 Section 787 Industrial Relations Act 2016

In accordance with the requirements of the *Industrial Relations Act 2016*, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 787, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Registrar:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Registrar, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

Note 17 Union Details

The registered office of the Union is:

27 Peel Street
 SOUTH BRISBANE QLD 4101

Note 18 Segment Information

The Union operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in Queensland.

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Note 19 Other Acquisitions of Assets or Liabilities

During the financial year the Union has not acquired an asset or liability as a result of:

- (a) An amalgamation under Part 14 of Chapter 12 of the *Industrial Relations Act 2016*.
- (b) A restructure of Branches of the organisation.
- (c) A determination by the Registrar under section 755 of the *Industrial Relations Act 2016* of an alternative reporting structure for the organisation.
- (d) A revocation by the Registrar under subsection 759 of the *Industrial Relations Act 2016* of a certificate issued to the organisation under section 755.
- (e) A business combination.